

Erratum to “Physarum Can Compute Shortest Paths:  
Convergence Proofs and Complexity Bounds” by Luca  
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Karrenbauer, and Kurt Mehlhorn, ICALP 2013, LNCS 7966,  
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In chapter 4 of the paper mentioned in the title, the non-uniform directed Physarum dynamics

$$\dot{x}_e(t) = a_e(q_e(t) - x_e(t)) \tag{1}$$

is studied and a convergence result is claimed. A directed graph  $G$  with node set  $N$ , edge set  $E$ , positive edge lengths  $\ell_e > 0$  and positive edge reactivities  $a_e > 0$  for all  $e \in E$ , and two distinguished nodes  $s_0$  and  $s_1$  is given. It is assumed that there is a directed path from  $s_0$  to  $s_1$ .

The dynamics evolves a state vector  $x \in \mathbb{R}_{>0}^E$  according to (1). The vector  $q(t) \in \mathbb{R}^E$  is the electrical flow in the undirected network  $G$ , where the conductivity of edge  $e$  is equal to  $x_e(t)/\ell_e$  and one unit of current is sent from  $s_0$  to  $s_1$ ;  $q_e(t)$  is positive if the electrical flow is in the direction of the edge  $e$  and negative otherwise. For each edge  $e$ , its reactivity determines how fast the edge reacts to the difference between  $q_e(t)$  and  $x_e(t)$ .

If  $a_e = 1$  for all  $e$ , it was shown in [IJNT11] that the dynamics (1) converges to the shortest directed  $s_0$ - $s_1$  path in the following sense. For the edges  $e$  on the shortest path,  $x_e(t)$  converges to 1 as  $t \rightarrow \infty$  and for the edges not on the shortest path  $x_e(t)$  converges to zero. This assumes that the shortest path  $P^*$  from  $s_0$  to  $s_1$  is unique.

In [BBD<sup>+</sup>13, Theorem 2], the same claim is made for general positive reactivities  $a_e$ . We quote.

**Theorem 2 ([BBD<sup>+</sup>13])** *Assume (A1) - (A4) and let  $\varepsilon \in (0, 1)$  be arbitrary. If  $t \geq \dots$ , then  $x_e(t) \geq 1 - 2\varepsilon$  for  $e \in P^*$  and  $x_e \leq \varepsilon$  for  $e \notin P^*$ .*

Only a proof sketch is given. It is claimed that a key part of the proof in [IJNT11] generalizes. We quote:

**Lemma 10 ([BBD<sup>+</sup>13])** *Assume (A1) to (A2): For  $t \geq t_0 \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} (1/a_{\min}) \ln(3mX_0)$ , there is a nonnegative-non-circulatory flow  $f(t)$  with*

$$|f_e(t) - x_e(t)| \leq 5mX_0 e^{-a_{\min} t}.$$

**Proof:** We follow the analysis in [IJNT11], taking reactivities into account. ■

In our notes we have the following argument.

$$\frac{d}{ds}x_e e^{a_e s} = \dot{x}_e e^{a_e s} + a_e x_e e^{a_e s} = a_e(q_e - x_e)e^{a_e s} + a_e x_e e^{a_e s} = a_e q_e e^{a_e s}$$

we have

$$x_e(t)e^{a_e t} - x_e(0) = \int_0^t a_e q_e(s) e^{a_e s} ds$$

and hence

$$x_e(t) = x_e(0)e^{-a_e t} + \int_0^t a_e q_e(s) e^{-a_e(t-s)} ds = x_e(0)e^{-a_e t} + (1 - e^{-a_e t}) \int_0^t a_e q_e(s) \frac{e^{-a_e(t-s)}}{1 - e^{-a_e t}} ds.$$

Let

$$\bar{q}_e(t) = \int_0^t a_e q_e(s) \frac{e^{-a_e(t-s)}}{1 - e^{-a_e t}} ds.$$

Since  $\int_0^t e^{-a_e(t-s)} ds = (1 - e^{-a_e t})/a_e$ ,  $\bar{q}_e(t)$  is a convex combination of flows and hence a flow.

**This argument is incorrect as was pointed out by Damian Straszak and Nisheeth Vishnoi (personal communication to Kurt Mehlhorn) after inspection of our notes.** It is true that for each edge  $e$ ,  $\bar{q}_e$  is a convex combination of the values  $q_e(s)$ ,  $s < t$ . However, these convex combinations are not uniform over edges as the weight  $a_e \frac{e^{-a_e(t-s)}}{1 - e^{-a_e t}}$  with which  $q_e(s)$  contributes to  $\bar{q}_e(t)$  depends on  $a_e$ . Therefore  $\bar{q}$  is NOT a convex combination of flows. This invalidates the proof of the Lemma and hence the proof of [BBD<sup>+</sup>13, Theorem 2].

A correct proof of [BBD<sup>+</sup>13, Theorem 2] was recently given in [FKKM19]. The proof is not along the lines of the proof for the uniform case in [IJNT11], but introduces a Lyapunov function for (1).

## References

- [BBD<sup>+</sup>13] Luca Becchetti, Vincenzo Bonifaci, Michael Dirnberger, Andreas Karrenbauer, and Kurt Mehlhorn. Physarum Can Compute Shortest Paths: Convergence Proofs and Complexity Bounds. In *ICALP*, volume 7966 of *LNCS*, pages 472–483, 2013.
- [FKKM19] Enrico Facca, Andreas Karrenbauer, Pavel Kolev, and Kurt Mehlhorn. Convergence of the Non-Uniform Directed Physarum Dynamics. *CoRR*, abs/1906.077811, 2019.
- [IJNT11] Kentaro Ito, Anders Johansson, Toshiyuki Nakagaki, and Atsushi Tero. Convergence properties for the Physarum solver. arXiv:1101.5249v1, January 2011.